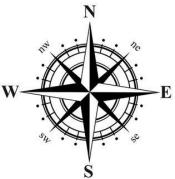
Locational knowledge and geographical skills

What I have learnt before: Identifying Northern and Southern hemisphere • Understanding time zones • Understanding the climates of certain countries based on where they are in the world • Using lines of longitude and latitude to identify places around the world









Forever Facts

Maps use symbols instead of words to label real-life features

A map is criss-crossed with horizontal and vertical lines that create a grid.

The National Grid is a grid reference system for the whole of Great Britain

Easting and northing numbers can be used to split the squares into smaller sections making them easier to use.

A key on the map tells you what the symbol means.

Skills

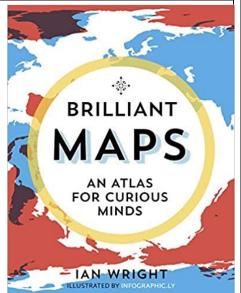
Use 6-figure grid references

Describe and explain human and physical changes

Use a compass to follow a route

Personal Development: To be able to use grid references and coordinates in order to read a map. • Thinking about how the earth looks now and how it has changed over time will encourage us to think about what the earth might look like in the future and how what we do can impact what it will look like. • Real life links- observing, planning, describing, locating and analysing.

Exciting Books



Our Endpoint

Evaluate: How do maps help us to locate and identify features?

Subject Specific Vocabulary

| Atlas | A collection of maps often of each country in the world. | | |
|---------------------|--|--|--|
| Grid reference | The numbered squares on a map used to locate a place. | | |
| Ordnance survey map | Detailed maps of Great Britain where each square represents 1km squared (1km²) | | |
| Digital map | A map that uses technology such as a satnav. | | |
| Compass | A tool used for showing direction | | |
| Northing | The numbers used in a grid reference that run south to north. | | |
| Easting | The numbers used in a grid reference that run west to east. | | |