

Class Tamar

RE

What is it like for someone to
follow God?

We read the story of Noah and re-enacted the story.



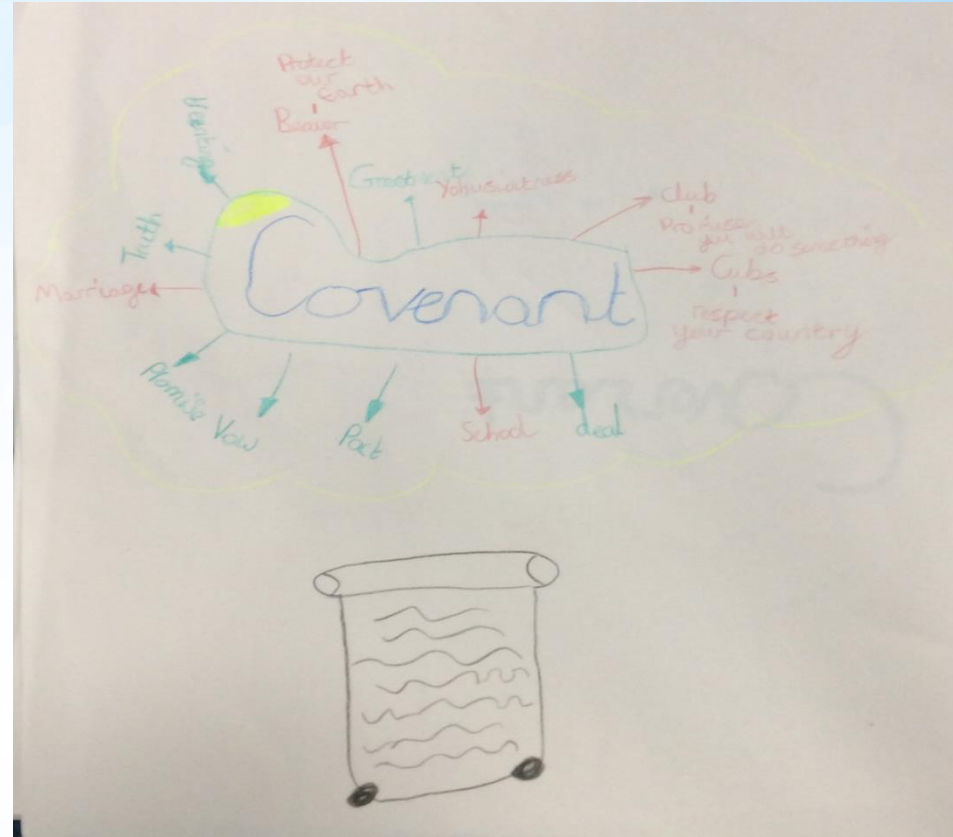
We discussed what we thought about the story and any questions it raised.



We discussed the meaning of a covenant and recorded different examples of covenants that we have experienced.

The rainbow is a symbol that shows God's promise to Noah.

When Christians get married they wear rings to show that they have made promises to each other.



We discussed the different symbols that represent our promises.

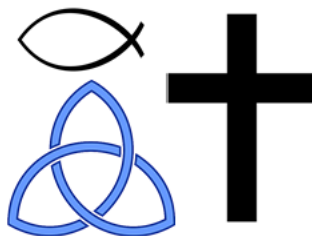
We reflected on the question: What is it like for someone to follow God?



Christians feel like they will be forgiven by God and he will always be with them.

It feels good when someone makes a promise. You can trust them. Christians feel they can trust God.

Christians must always obey God and he will do the same.



Skills

- I can describe the key beliefs and teachings of Christianity.
- I understand what belonging to a religion might look like, through practices and rituals, and what it might involve.
- I can discuss and present thoughtfully my own and others' views.
- I can develop my appreciation of the ways in which people's values are an important aspect of their lives.
- I can explore how an appreciation of religion plays an important role in the lives of some people.
- I can look at holy texts and stories, explain meaning in a story.

Forever Facts

Christianity is one of the five main world religions. It began after the death of Jesus.

The words 'Christian' and 'Christianity' come from the name, 'Jesus Christ.'

Jesus is also known as Jesus Christ, Jesus of Nazareth, The Good Shepherd, Lamb of God, Light of the World, and Bread of Life.

Christians believe in the Trinity. There is one God, but He is three separate people: Father, Son and Holy Spirit. The Holy Spirit is sometimes known as the Holy Ghost.

The Ten Commandments were given by God. They can be found in the Old Testament. Christians try to live their lives by following the Ten Commandments.

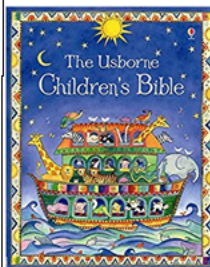
Some Christians pilgrimage to holy places, such as Jerusalem (where Jesus died), Bethlehem (where Jesus was born) and Nazareth (where Jesus grew up).

Catholics may pilgrimage to Lourdes, in France, where miracles were said to have occurred, or Rome, in Italy, where the Pope (the head of the Catholic church) lives.

Easter and Christmas are important Christian festivals. Christmas celebrates Jesus' birth and Easter celebrates Jesus' death and resurrection.

The Christian holy book is the Bible. It has two parts: the Old Testament and the New Testament.

Exciting Books



Our Endpoint

To listen to and share thoughts on what it is like for Christians to follow God.

Subject Specific Vocabulary

Christianity	The religion followed by Christians.
Judaism	The religion followed by Jews.
Jesus	The founder of Christianity.
Ten Commandments	Ten rules given by God for people to live by.
The Trinity	The three separate forms that God is known by.
Old Testament	The first (and biggest) part of the Bible, written before Jesus was born.
pilgrimage	A journey to visit a religious site.
Catholic	A member of the Roman Catholic church – a denomination (group) of Christianity.
miracles	Amazing events that occur, but cannot be explained.
resurrection	When Jesus rose from the dead.
Lent	The 40 days leading up to Easter. Christians often give something up for Lent.
New Testament	The second part of the Bible, which was written after Jesus was born.

SMSC: Spiritual – reflect on self-awareness and their own beliefs. Moral – learning about our responsibility for others and thinking about concepts of right and wrong. Social – many opportunities to work collaboratively to share and reflect on their own values and opinions. Cultural – value diversity as they learn about different ways in which communities celebrate and remember important events.