Music Notation

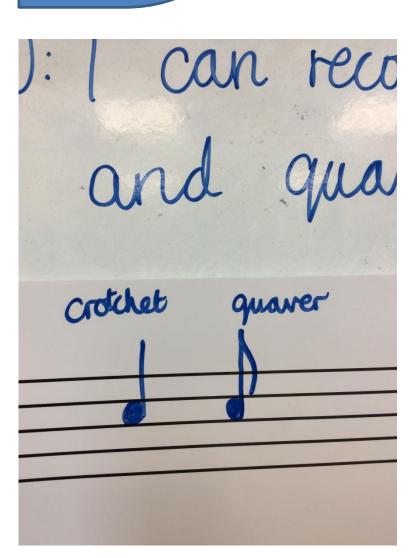
Autumn 1 2021

Class Lynher

A crotchet is worth one beat.

We learnt what a crotchet and quaver are and how they are shown in music notation.

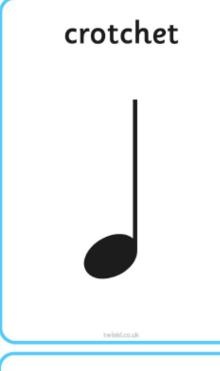
A quaver lasts for half a beat.











quavers



We added minims and semibreves to our bank of notes.

minim

semibreve

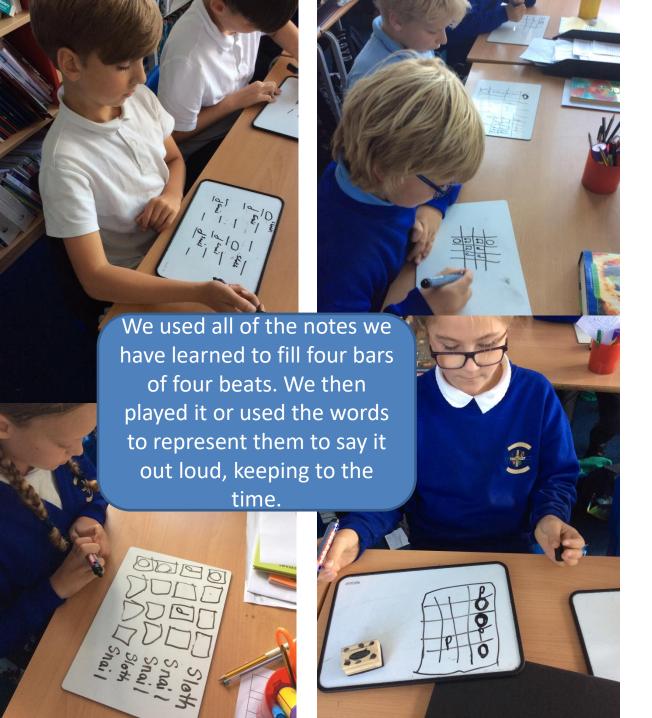
A semibreve is a very laid back note. It is worth 4 beats.





When we play a minim we can say the word 'snail' and make it last **two** beats... "snaaaaaail"

twinkl.co.u





The notes that fill in the gaps spell out face.

The other notes fill in in alphabetical order.

You can remember Every Good Boy Deserves Food to help.

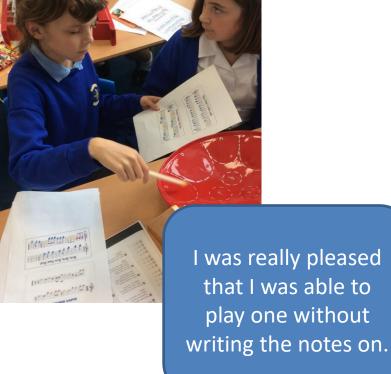






For our final week, we recapped where the notes are on the stave and then read some tunes and played them. We had to remember not to put our finger on top of the beater so the note could ring.

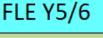












Music Notation



I have learnt about the importance of silence in music

What I have learnt before:

I have used instruments to interpret musical patterns and structures

Forever facts

Music

I know what the notation means

I know that the higher the note on the stave the higher pitched it is

I know music reads from left to right

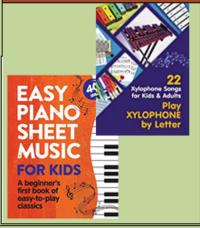
Skills

I can recognise the symbols for minims etc

I can follow notation when playing

I can perform with control and confidence

Exciting Books



Our Endpoint

I can confidently read and use basic notation to play a tune

Subject Specific Vocabulary

	•
crotchet	quarter note – 1 beat
quaver	eighth note – 1/2 beat
rest	
minim	half note – 2 beats
semibreve	whole note – 4 beats
stave	five lines where musical symbols are placed

Cultural Capital

The children will gain a sense of enjoyment in learning about music. Real life skills learnt is to read and follow musical notation.